Financial Statements
For the Period Ended 03 March, 2017

MUDASSAR EHTISHAM & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



# MUDASSAR EHTISHAM & CO.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Independent Member Of Geneva Group International (Switzerland)

# AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of PUNJAB CAPITAL SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED ("THE COMPANY") as at March 03, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the period then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b. In our opinion:
  - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - II. the expenditure incurred during the period was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- III. the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the period were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c. in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs for the period ended March 03, 2017 and of the loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the period then ended; and

d. in our opinion, no Zakat deductible at source under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

Mudassar Ehtisham & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Muhammad Ehtisham

Lahore

7 March, 2017.

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Balance Sheet As at 03 March, 2017		03 March, 2017
N. G.		Rupees
Non-Current Assets		
Tangible asset	4	4,374,500
Intangible asset	5	5,000,000
	-	9,374,500
Current Assets		
Advances, deposits and pre-payments	6	14,891,894
Cash and bank balances	7	25,335,239
	-	40,227,133
Equity and Liabilities	=	49,601,633
Share capital	8	50,000,000
Unappropriated Profit / (Loss)		(401,427)
		49,598,573
Current Liabilities		
Accrued and other liabilities		3,060
		3,060
Contingencies and commitments	10	40 (01 (22
	=	49,601,633

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

# PUNJAB CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Profit and Loss Account For the Period from 29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

		Rupees
Revenue		
Income from brokerage	11	-
Operating and Administrative expenses  Profit / (Loss) from operation	12	(401,327) (401,327)
Bank Charges Profit / (Loss) before taxation		(100) (401,427)
Taxation	9	-
Profit / (Loss) after taxation		(401,427)

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Lahore:

Chief Executive

# Cash Flow Statement

For the Period from 29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017	29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017
Note	Rupees
Cash flows from operating activities (Loss) before taxation Adjustments for non cash items:	(401,427)
Bank Charges	100
Operating profit before working capital changes	$\frac{100}{(401,327)}$
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Advances, deposits and pre-payments Accrued and other liabilities	(14,891,894) 3,060
Cash utilized in operations	(15,290,161)
Taxes paid Bank Charges paid	(100)
Net cash used in operating activities	$\frac{(100)}{(15,290,261)}$
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchase of Assets Purchase of intengable Assets	(4,374,500) (5,000,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,374,500)
Cash flows from financing activities Share capital issued	50,000,000
Net cash generated from financing activities	50,000,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	25,335,239
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period  7	25,335,239

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Period from 29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

-	Share capital Rupees	Unappropriated profit/ (Loss) Rupees	Total Rupees
Balance as at 29 November, 2016	-		-
Capital issued during the period	50,000,000		50,000,000
(Loss) for the period	-	(401,427)	(401,427)
Balance as at 03 March, 2017	50,000,000	(401,427)	49,598,573

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Lahore:

Chief Executive

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period from 29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

# 1 The Company's operations and registered office

Punjab Capital Securities (Private) Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in November 29, 2016 as a private limited Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company is mainly engaged in the business of brokerage services, portfolio management and consultancy services. The company is wholly owned subsidiary of First Punjab Modaraba. The registered Office of the Company is situated at Room No. 319, 3rd Floor, LSE Building, Lahore.

# 2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (The Ordinance) and the proved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the ordinance, provisions of and Directives issued under the ordinance. Wherever the requirements of the ordinance or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Ordinance or the requirements of the said directives prevail.

# 3 Significant accounting policies

# 3.1 Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are stated at their fair value or amortized cost as applicable.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively commencing from the period of revision.

# 3.2 Property and equipment

These are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except freehold land and capital work in progress are stated at Cost.

Depreciation is calculated using the reducing balance method, at the rates specified in the fixed assets schedule, which are considered appropriate to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The Depreciation on property and equipment is charged on monthly basis.

# 3.3 Intangible assets

This is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. The carrying amounts are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether these are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts, and where carrying value is in excess of recoverable amount, these are written down to their estimated recoverable amount.



# 3.4 Long Term Deposits and Loans

Long term deposits and Loans are stated at Cost.

#### 3.5 Loans and Receivables

These are non derivative financial Assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carries at amortised cost using the the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in income when the loans and receivables are de-recognised or impaired as well as through the amortization process.

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#### 3.6 Taxation

#### Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rate of taxation of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 after taking into account applicable tax credits and rebates, if any.

## **Deferred Taxation**

The company accounts for deferred taxation, using the liability method on all temporary timing differences. However, deferred tax is no provided if it can be established with reasonable accuracy that these differences will not reserve in the foreseeable future.

# 3.7 Trade and settlement date accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of listed securities are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase/ sell the asset. Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets are those, the contract for which requires delivery of assets within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the market place concerned.

# 3.8 Revenue recognition

- Brokerage, advisory fees, commission and other income are accrued as and when due.
- b) Dividend income on equity investments is recognized, when the right to receive the same is established.
- c) Gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in the period in which they arise.
- d) Underwriting commission is recognized when the agreement is executed. Take-up commission is recognized at the time commitment is fulfilled.
- e) Consultancy, advisory fee and service charges are recognized as and when earned.
- f) Unrealized capital gains/(losses) arising from marking to market of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading are included in profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

# 3.9 Return on financing and borrowings

Return on financing and borrowings is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking into account the relevant issue date and final maturity date.

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# 3.10 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

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# 3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balance with banks on current and deposit accounts and short term running finance account.

# 3.12 Contingencies and Commitments

Capital commitments and Contingences, unless those are actual liabilities, are not incorporated in the accounts.

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29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

		Note	Rupees
4	Tangible Asset		
			1 274 500
	LSE Room		4,374,500 4,374,500
			1,0 / 1,0 0
5	Intangible Asset		
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC)		5,000,000
	Truumg Algin Zimmem Comment (Const.)		5,000,000
	Value of TRE Certificate of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited is Rs. 5 m	illion.	
6	Advances, Deposits and Pre-payments		
	Advance for shares of Lahore Stock Exchange Financial Services		14,891,894
	Limited (LSEFSL)		14,891,894
7	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash in hand		25,000
	Cash in Bank In saving/ Profit Accounts		
	In Current Accounts		25,310,239
			25,310,239
			25,335,239
8	Share capital		
	Authorized		
	10,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		100,000,000
			100,000,000
	Issued, subscribed and paid up		
	5,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up in cash		50,000,000
	,		50,000,000
9	Provision for taxation		
	Opening Balance Add: Taxation for the Period		-
	radion for the Ferrod		-
	Less:		
	Adjusted against Advance Tax/paid		

# 10 Contingencies and Commitments

10.1 There are no contingencies and commitments for the period ended March 03, 2017.

29 November, 2016 to 03 March, 2017

11	Income from brokerage	Note	Rupees
	Commission Income - Net		
12	Operating and Administrative expenses		
	Salaries and wages		325,000
	Telephone charges		7,500
	Travelling and conveyance		68,827
			401,327

# 13 Taxation

- 13.1 This represent Current Taxation which has been provided Under Section 233A of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and Normal Taxation on other Income.
- 13.2 Deferred Taxation has not been provided as the Company is subject to Presumptive Taxation.
- 13.3 No turn over during the period, therefore no provision of minimum taxation under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance 2001.
- 14 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

# Managerial Remuneration including House Rent & Utility

Chief Executive	200,000
Executives	-
Directors	-
	200,000

Managerial remuneration has been paid to CEO Rs. 200,000/- of the company during the period.

#### 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### 15.1 Financial Risk Factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried-out by the Company's finance department under policies approved by the board of directors. The Company's finance department evaluates financial risks based on principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity, provided by the board of directors.

# 15.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.



# a) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into in foreign currencies. The Company activities at present does not expose to any currency risk.

### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments is as follows:

Financial liabilities

#### **Fixed Rate Instruments**

Long Term Loans

Variable Rate Instruments

# c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instruments or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

# 15.3 Credit risk exposure and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if the counter party fails to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

Credit risk primarily arises from trade debts, advances, investments and balances with banks. To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade debts, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other relevant factors. Where considered necessary, advance payments are obtained from certain parties. Credit risk on bank balances is limited as the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings.

#### 15.4 Exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 03, 2017 along with comparative is tabulated below:

Bank balances

25,310,239

# 15.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and ensuring the availability of adequate credit facilities. The Company's treasury department aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.



#### 16 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders and / or issue new shares.

# 17 Accounting Estimates And Judgments

# 17.1 Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the rate of depreciation/useful life, residual values and value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

# 17.2 Intangible assets

The Company reviews the rate of amortization and value of intangible assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of intangible asset with a corresponding affect on the amortization charge and impairment.

#### 17.3 Investment stated at fair value

The Company has determined fair value of certain investments by using quotations from active market. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on market conditions and information about financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matter of judgments (e.g. valuation, interest rates, etc.) and therefore cannot be determined with precision.

#### 17.4 Trade debts

The Company reviews its debts portfolio regularly to assess amount of any provision required against such debtors.

# 18 Number of employees

Popular

Total number of employees at the end of period was 3. Average number of employees was 3.

- 19 Authorization
- 19.1 These financial statements were authorized for issue on 7 Maul, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 20 General
- 20.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of rupee.

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mr.

**Chief Executive**